

Vehicle History Report

VEHICLE DETAILS

Chassis number ¹ :	MNH10-0087939	Title information ² :	1	Deregistered to Export	0
Manufacture date:	2005-10		u _		-
Make:	ΤΟΥΟΤΑ	Accident / Repair:	I ⇒	No problem	\checkmark
Model:	ALPHARD V	Odometer rollback:		No problem	\bigcirc
Body:	TA-MNH10W	Manufacturer	0		
Grade:	3.0MZ	recall:	9	Problem found	×
Engine:	1MZ-FE	Safety grade ³ :	8	*****	\bigcirc
Drive:	2WD	Contamination			
Transmission:	AT	risk:	Å	No problem	v

This vehicle does not qualify for Buyback Guarantee

Average Market Price



Unfortunately, this vehicle does not qualify for our Buyback Guarantee program.



About Buyback Guarantee

This CAR VX Vehicle History Report is based only on Information supplied to CAR VX, LTD and available as of 2024-11-20 06:06:33. Other information about this vehicle, including problems, may not have been reported to CAR VX, LTD. Use this report as one important tool, along with a vehicle inspection and test drive, to make a better decision about your next used car.

ACCIDENT / REPAIR HISTORY

Problem type	Reported	Date reported	Data source	Details	Airbag
Collision	Not reported				
Malfunction	Not reported				
Theft	Not reported				
Fire damage	Not reported				
Water damage	Not reported				
Hail damage	Not reported				

ODOMETER READINGS HISTORY

Date reported	Data source	Odometer reading (Km)
2020-10-19	MLIT	17000
2022-10-11	MLIT	17800
2024-08-22	USS Tokyo	18856

USE HISTORY

Use in the contaminated regions ⁴	Radioactive contamination test fail ⁵	Commercial use
Not reported	Not reported	Not reported

DETAILED HISTORY

Event date	Location	Odometer reading (Km)	Data source	Details
2005-10			ΤΟΥΟΤΑ	Manufactured
2005-10			MLIT	First registration
2020-10-19		17000	MLIT	Inspection
2022-10-11	Adachi	17800	MLIT	Inspection
2024-08-22	Chiba	18856	USS Tokyo	Auctioned

2024-08-28

Adachi

MLIT

Last registration

MANUFACTURER RECALL HISTORY

Date reported	Data source	Affected part	Details
2010-10-21	MLIT	pressure control transmission	The brake master cylinder, since the lubricity evaluation in the brake fluid used in the market is insufficient, and even the brake fluid that conforms to standards using less brake fluid of the polymer component, the rubber cylinder rear end Ltd. seal part is sometimes turned up become poor lubrication. Therefore, leaking brake fluid from the seal part warning light is lit, and continue to accept, in the worst case, there is a possibility that the braking force is reduced.
2015-05-13	MLIT	Airbag	In the passenger seat single stage deployment control type air bag inflator (expansion device), the result of examining the market collection items, it was confirmed that the inflator vessel there is a poor airtightness. Therefore, moisture in the atmosphere enters the internal inflator in the course used for a long time, there is a fear that does not successfully deployed at the time of airbag deployment gas generating agent to moisture absorption.
2015-11-25	MLIT	Airbag	In the inflator (inflator) of the one-step deployment control type airbag for the front passenger's seat, the inflator container may be broken when the airbag is deployed, causing fire and fire and injury to the occupant.

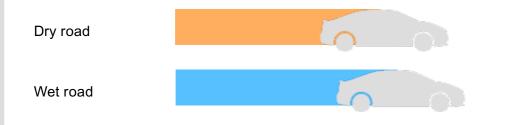
VEHICLE ASSESSMENT •

Overall Collision Safety Ratings

	Driver's	seat		Front passen	ger's seat
Points	Evaluation	Goal average	Points	Evaluation	Goal average
32.48	*****	90%	22.74	*****	95%

* In order to accurately differentiate between the evaluations of different vehicles, a standard is set based on current technology. Up to 6 points out of 12 is given level 1 and the rest of the range is divided up into equal parts, which are respectively assigned to level 2 (more than 6 points but 7.5 or less), level 3 (more than 7.5 points but 9 or less), level 4 (more than 9 points but 10.5 or less) or level 5 (more than 10.5 points).

Braking performance tests ⁷



49.0 m

VEHICLE SPECIFICATION

1st gear ratio	4.235	2nd gear ratio	2.360
3rd gear ratio	1.517	4th gear ratio	1.047
5th gear ratio	0.756	6th gear ratio	-
Additional notes	PRAQK	Airbag position, capacity	-
Body rear overhang	1035	Body type	STATION WAGON
Chassis number embossing position	COWL TOP PANEL CENTRE	Classification code	0779
Cylinders	6V WIDTH	Displacement	2990
Electric engine type	-	Electric engine maximum output	-
Electric engine maximum torque	-	Electric engine power	-
Engine maximum power	162/5800(NET)	Engine maximum torque	304/4400(NET)
Engine model	1MZ	Frame type	
Front shaft weight	1080	Front shock absorber type	
Front stabilizer type	TORSION BAR TYPE	Front tires size	205/65R16 95H 225/55R17 95W
Front tread	1570 1560	Fuel consumption	8.9
Fuel tank equipment	70	Grade	3.0MZ
Height	1935	Length	4840
Main brakes type		Make	ΤΟΥΟΤΑ
Maximum speed	180	Minimum ground clearance	160
Minimum turning radius	5.6(16 INCH) 5.8(17 INCH)	Model	ALPHARD V

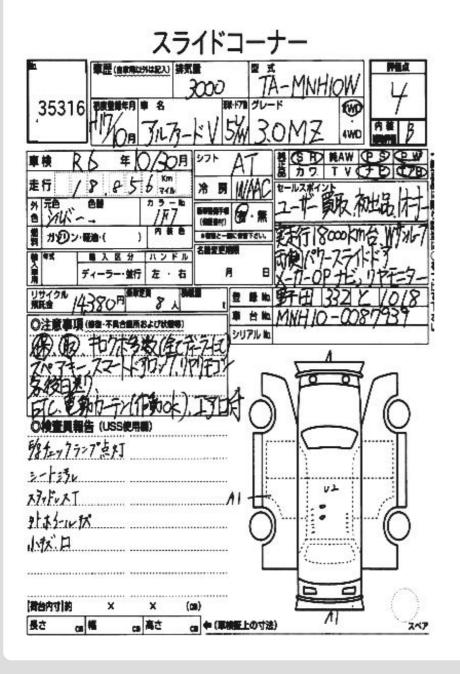
Model code	TA-MNH10W	Mufflers number	
Rear shaft weight	840	Rear shock absorber type	
Rear stabilizer type	٢	Rear tires size	205/65R16 95H 225/55R17 95W
Rear tread	1550 1540	Reverse ratio	3.378
Riding capacity	8	Side brakes type	
Specification code	11392	Stopping distance	56(100)
Transmission type	AT	Weight	1920
Wheel alignment	2WD	Wheelbase	2900
Width	1805		

AUCTION DATA

Date: 2024-08-22, Auction: USS Tokyo, Lot #: 35316

Date:	2024-08-22	Lot #:	35316
Auction name:	<u>USS Tokyo</u>	Region:	Chiba
Make:	ΤΟΥΟΤΑ	Model:	ALPHARD V
Reg. year:	2005	Mileage (km):	18856
Displacement (cc):	3000	Transmission:	AT
Color:	SILVER	Model code:	MNH10W
Result:	available	Auction grade:	4
Problem type:	No problem	Problem scale:	None
Contaminated:	No	Airbag:	ОК

PHOTOS AND AUCTION SHEETS



¹ Chassis number – a unique identification number of the vehicle in Japan (same as VIN in the USA or Europe)

² Title information:

Registered – qualified for driving in Japan

Deregistered Temporarily – not qualified for driving in Japan, usually a temporary title during the ownership change

Deregistered Completely – not qualified for driving in Japan, the vehicle is determined to be scrapped Deregistered to Export – not qualified for driving in Japan , the vehicle is determined to be exported

³ Determining the overall collision safety performance evaluation – For the driver's seat, the results of the full-wrap frontal collision test, offset frontal collision test, and side collision test are added together and evaluated to 6 different levels. For the Frontal passenger's seat, the results of the full-wrap frontal collision test and the side collision test (results for the driver's or the front passenger's seat are used) are added together and evaluated to 6 different levels.

Regular vehicle inspection – All vehicles in Japan must undergo regular vehicle inspections (shaken). New cars need to be tested after three years, and then vehicles must be tested every two years thereafter. A vehicle inspection (shaken) is compulsory for all vehicles with an engine size over 250cc. It ensures that all vehicles on the road are properly maintained and safe to drive. The test also checks that vehicles have not been illegally modified; if they are found to have been modified, they are not allowed on the road.

⁴ **Use in the contaminated regions** – The Fukushima Daiichi nuclear disaster was a catastrophic failure at the Fukushima I Nuclear Power Plant on 11 March 2011, resulting in a meltdown of three of the plant's six nuclear reactors. As a result, some areas in the following prefectures were contaminated: Fukushima, Miyagi, Ibaraki, Tochigi.

⁵ Radioactive contamination test – radioactive contamination inspection that was started in July 2011 as a preventive measure for exporting contaminated vehicles from Japan. The inspection is being conducted since in all sea ports of Japan under the supervision of The Japan Harbor Transportation Association (JHTA).

MLIT - Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism.

⁶ Japan New Car Assessment Program – the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism (MLIT) and the National Agency for Automotive Safety & Victims' Aid (NASVA) have taken measures for safety, one of which is to assess commercially available vehicles through a variety of safety performance tests and release the resulting information compiled into the "New Car Assessment Program". The objective of Japan New Car Assessment Program is to increase the use of safe automobiles by providing an environment in which users can easily select such vehicles. This also promotes the development of safer vehicles by automobile manufacturers. Neck injury protection for rear-end collision performance test , rear seat passenger's protection for frontal collision performance test, rear passenger's seat belt usability evaluation test and seat belt reminder for passengers evaluation test are started in FY2009.

⁷ **Braking Performance Tests** – Braking performance is determined by the shortness of the distance in which a vehicle can stop and the stability of the vehicle at the time of braking. This test is performed under wet and dry road conditions for a vehicle which has both a driver and a front passenger. The distance it takes for the vehicle to stop and the stability of the vehicle at the time of braking is evaluated for when the vehicle is stopped abruptly while traveling at a speed of 100km/h. The stopping distance and vehicle speed have been measured by using GPS since FY2009.

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